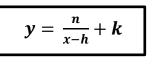
Math 2 Unit 4 – Radical & Rational Functions Lesson $3 \rightarrow$ Graphs of Rational Functions

Name	
Date_	Pd

A rational function is a function that can be written as the ratio of two polynomials where the denominator does not equal zero.

►
$$f(x) = \frac{p(x)}{q(x)}$$
 where $q(x) \neq 0$

Steps to graph a rational function:

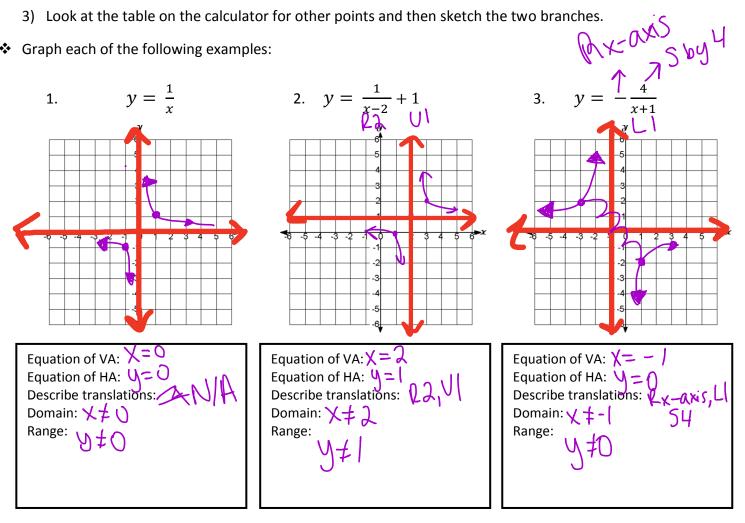


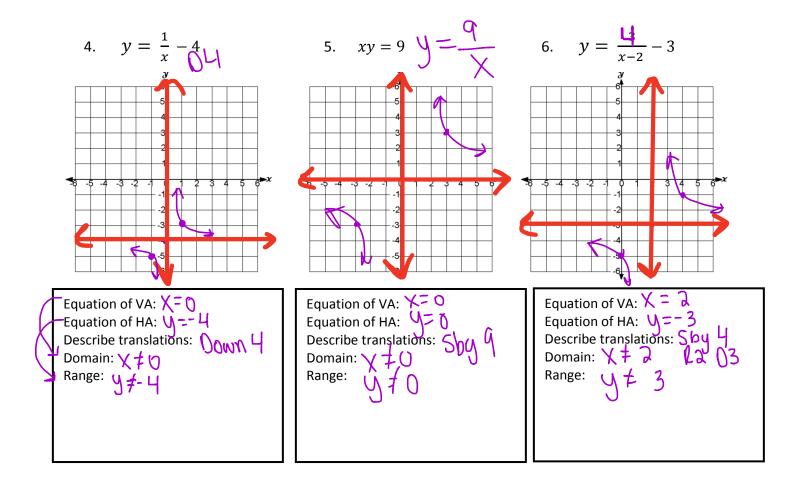
- 1) Determine the location of the asymptotes based on the transformations:
 - A) Vertical asymptotes are placed based on the **horizontal translation**: x = h
 - Horizontal asymptotes are placed based on the **vertical translation**: y = kB)
- 2) Vertical Stretch or Compression: *n* tells us how far the branches have been stretched from the asymptotes. We can use it to help us find out corner points to start our branches.

Distance from asymptotes = \sqrt{n}

3) Look at the table on the calculator for other points and then sketch the two branches.

Graph each of the following examples:





7. Describe each graph as compared to the parent graph $y = \frac{1}{x}$.

$y = \frac{-2}{x-7} + 5$	$y = \frac{7}{x+2} - 4$	
The graph of thisfunction	The graph of thisfunction	
has been translated seven units and	has been translated two units and	
translated units It has been	translated units It has been	
vertically stretched by a factor of and	vertically stretched by a factor of The	
across the x-axis. The graph is	graph is from left to right. The	
increasing from to The	function has a domain of and a	
function has a domain of and a	range of	
range of		
8. Write the equation of a rational function $y = \frac{1}{x}$ with following transformations:		
A. Right 4 and Down 5 -5	B. Left 3 and Up 2 and Reflected across $x - axis$.	
X-4 = 4	$x+3$ $+$ $\lambda = y$	
C. Left 6 and Vertically Stretched by a factor of 4.	D. Right 5 and graph will be in II & IV quadrants	
$\chi + L = Q$	X	
	V-5 J-	